

Smart city Gothenburg

Sustainable and innovative urban development

All Energy Conference Glasgow 2015

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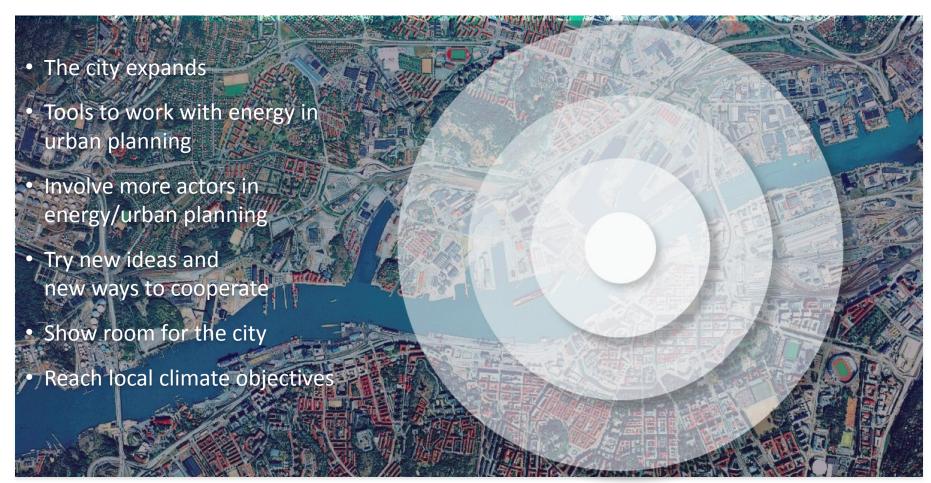


Why





"In 2050 Gothenburg has a sustainable and equitable level of greenhouse gas emissions"





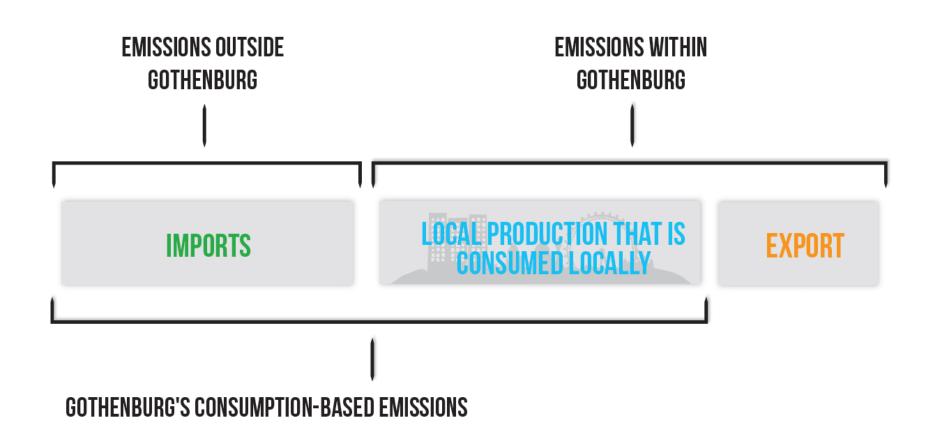


SEAP – consumption perspective



e SEVENTH FRAMEWORK

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SEAP - results



- Emission objectives for 2020, 2035 and 2050
- 9 strategic objectives
- 24 strategies
- Primarily the City of Gothenburg
- Include industry and inhabitants









Enhanced SEAP



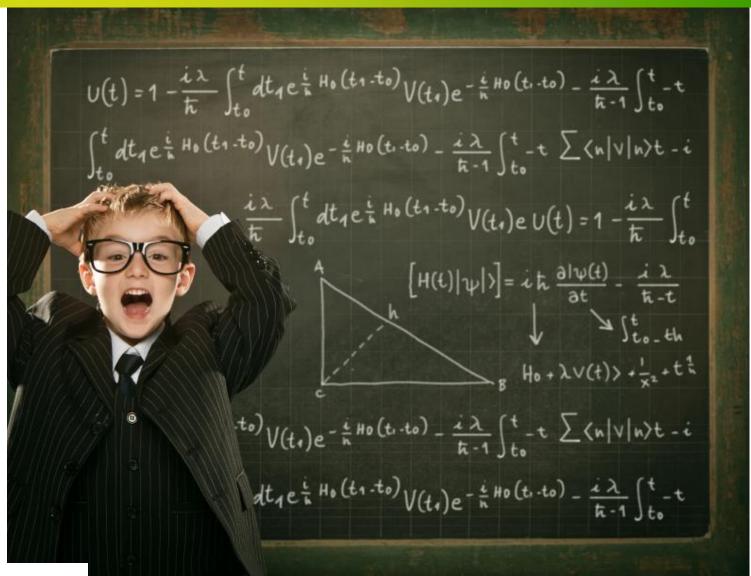
- More resources to stakeholder involvement and development
- Updated energy balance
- More defined objectives
- Prioritising of actions
- Helpful to implementation phase



Lessons learned...









SEAP - Learning points



- Valuable to involve many stakeholders takes time though
- Can be a challenge to commit right people
- Challenge to find right level for objectives and strategies
- Important with well prepared project management
- Anchoring among stakeholders both during development and implementation
- Well aware politicians
- SEAP template isn't as flexible as one could want
- Nicely packaged



Key Findings – Step Up project

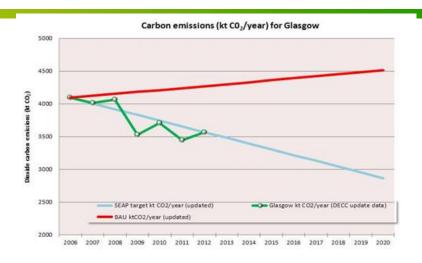




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- Energy is not a significant issue in urban planning
- Stakeholder engagement
- Cooperation takes time





- SEAP process is demanding and requires sufficient resource.
- To many strategies how to handle conflicts?



Key Findings – Step UP project





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- Integrated projects integrated responsibility
- Reasonable business models
- Collaboration cross sector
- Share experience
- Increased our collaboration and understand each other better



- Input to several other applications.
- Increased focus on innovation and developing projects.





Experiences

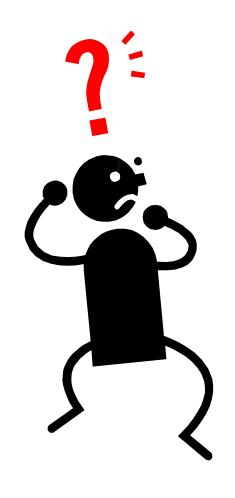


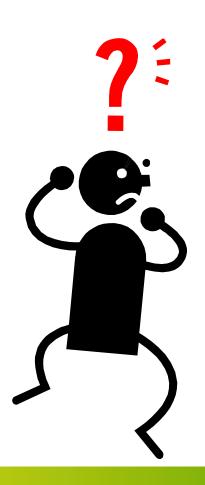


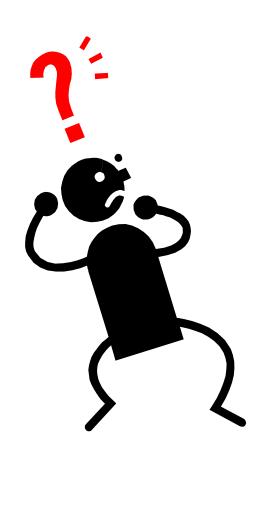


Experiences







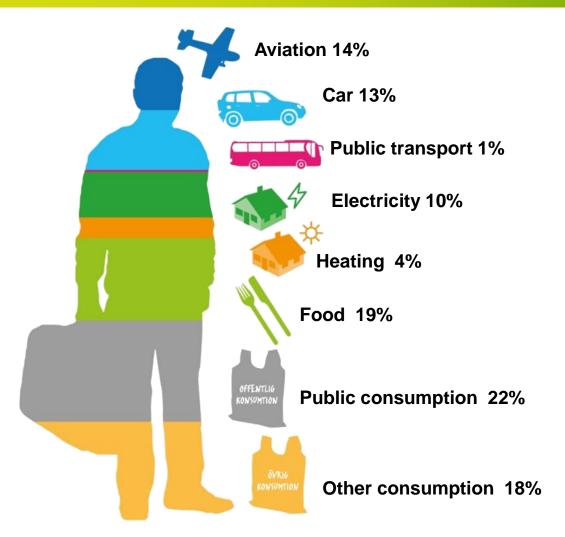


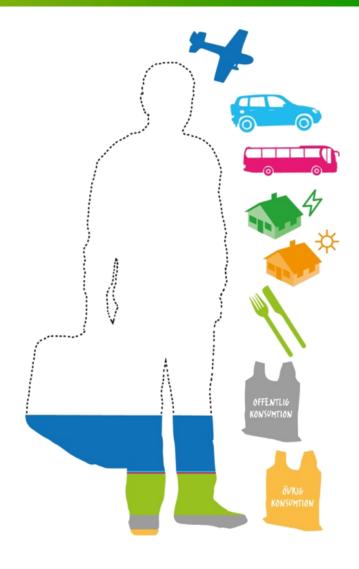


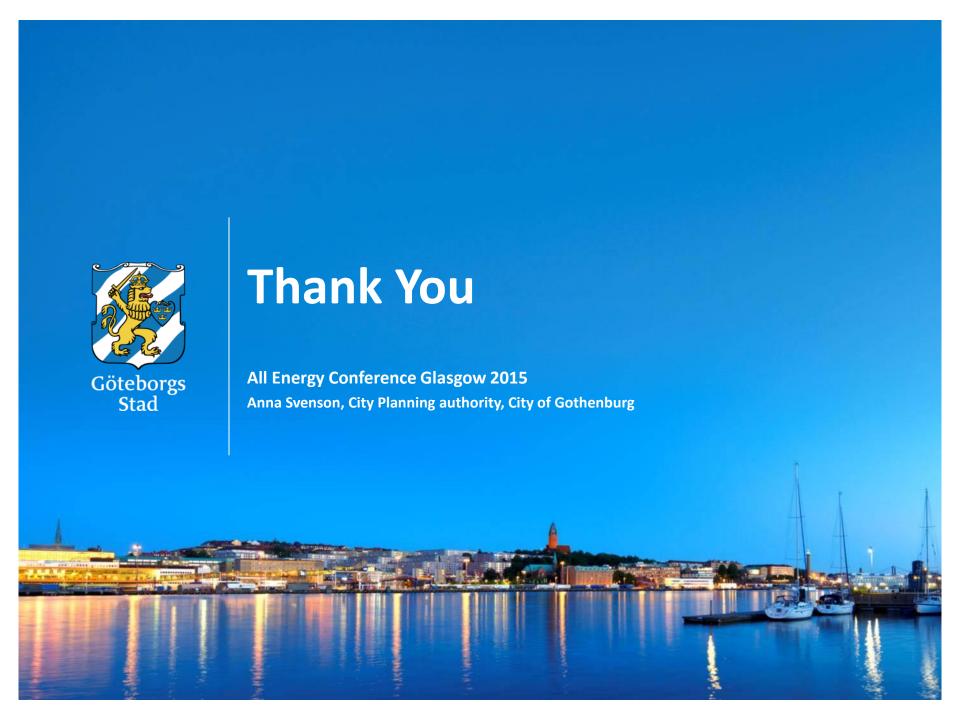
One thing to remember!











9 strategic objectives

- 1. In 2030 all **district heating** is produced from renewable energy sources, waste incineration or industrial excess heat.
- 2. By 2030 the total **use of primary energy** sources for electricity and heat does not exceed 31 MWh per inhabitant.
- 3. In 2030 the City of Gothenburg produces at least 500 GWh renewable electricity and 1200 GWh of biogas.
- 4. Carbon dioxide emissions from **road transport** in the geographical area of Gothenburg will decrease by at least 80 percent by 2030 compared to 2010.
- 5. By 2030 carbon dioxide emissions from **shipping** in the geographical area of Gothenburg will decrease by at least 20 percent compared to 2010.
- 6. Climate impact from citizen's **air travel** will be reduced by at least 20 percent by 2030 compared with 2012.
- 7. By 2030 the climate impact of **food** consumed in the City of Gothenburg will be reduced by 40 percent compared to 2010.
- 8. The climate impact from our purchases of **materials** should decrease. A target for 2030 will be set before 2018.
- 9. By 2030 the amount of **household waste** per capita in Gothenburg will be reduced by 30 percent compared to 2010.

Enhanced SEAP

- More robust
- More flexible to local and global changes
- Possible for more stakeholders to involve in future actions
- Strategies have been chosen through stakeholder involvement
- Strategies are combined through our challenges and objectives





SEAP Follow-up

Access to data for:

- district heat production, production of renewable electricity and biogas
- energy consumption
- emission from road transport and shipping
- household waste

More challenging follow up:

- aviation
- food (public and private)
- purchase of material and goods
- public consumption
- other consumption

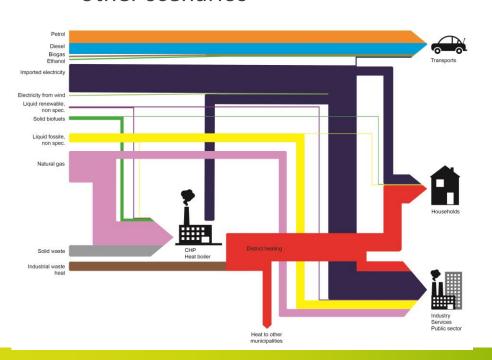


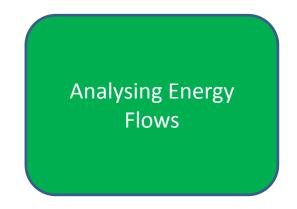
Analysing Energy Flows





- Energy consumption analysed by sector
- Identification of main energy consumers
- Outline of energy infrastructure, production and distribution
- Projected energy flows under BAU and 2 other scenarios

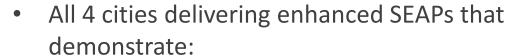




- Analysis of efficiency of energy use
- Real energy supply and consumption flows
- Sources, fuels, sectors

SEAP





- integrated 'STEP UP 'approach
- Targeted and implementable actions
- Stakeholder involvement
- Supported politically and by stakeholders



- Glasgow Energy and Carbon
 Masterplan 2014-2020
- Riga Smart City Sustainable
 Energy Action Plan 2014-2020
- Gothenburg Climate Strategy
 Programme for Gothenburg



 Consumption perspective in Climate Strategy
 Programme for Gothenburg



Smart Urban Logistic for recycling and reuse

Project one Smart Urban Logistics

 development of local, small scale infrastructure to enable upcycling, reuse and material recycling in a new district.

Micro terminal concept with electric cars and bicycles and reuse-galleria

- Using an innovation process originally designed for entrepreneurial/business development on urban development. We have a challenge and the solution is created through an inclusive method by the stakeholders. The city does not has all the answers!
- Logistics is a strategic area for the City of Gothenburg. History of trade and logistic
 with the largets Port in Scandinavia. Previous car-centered city planning is now
 replaced-. Studies and evalutaion of the best practice project show development
 potential and successful results on urban environment.
- The labs are a key element, the solution being designed is less technical and more behavioral based now in lab 5 compared with when we started.
- Development of project on sustainable urban transport

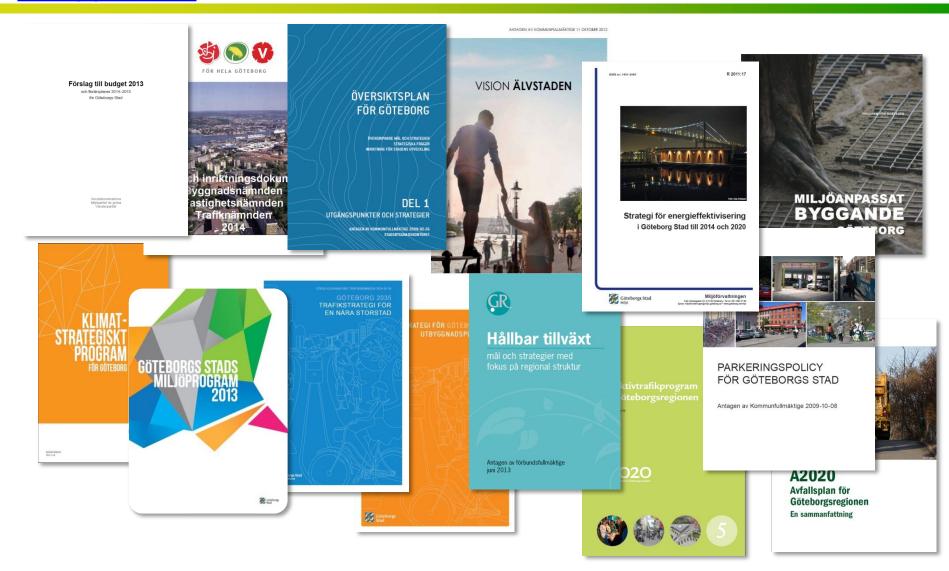


To many strategies?



Co-funded by the European Union

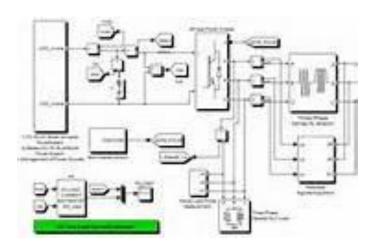






A model..





$$y. = \int (ydA)/A = y_0(Q.)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2!} \sum (\delta^2 y/\delta Q^2) \cdot \int (q^2 dA)/A$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3!} \sum (\delta^3 y/\delta Q^3) \cdot \int (q^3 dA)/A + . . .$$



or a model...



ERIKSBERG





Energy matrix





